
Phrases and Clauses

- **PHRASES:** A related group of _____ the _____ stand on its own because it is lacking (missing) a _____, _____ (verb), or both.
 - **Types of phrases:**
 - Verbal Phrases (infinitive, participial, and gerund)
 - Adverb phrases (modify the verb)
 - Adjective phrases (give more information about a noun)
 - Prepositional phrases begin with a preposition and end with a noun or pronoun

Fifty Prepositions				
about	behind	during	off	to
above	below	except	on	toward
across	beneath	for	onto	under
after	beside	from	opposite	underneath
against	besides	in	out	until
along	between	inside	outside	up
among	beyond	into	over	upon
around	but	like	past	with
at	by	near	since	within
before	down	of	through	without

- **CLAUSES:** A related group of words that have a _____ and a _____ (verb).
 - **Independent Clause:**
 - CAN stand on its own because it has a _____ and a _____ (verb) AND expresses as _____ thought.

○ **Dependent Clause:**

- CANNOT stand on its own because:

- Even though it contains a _____ and a _____ (verb), a dependent clause relied on further information to form a _____.
- ALMOST ALWAYS starts with a _____ conjunction.
 - AAAWWUUBBIS (the 10 most common)

Subordinating Conjunctions			
after	because	lest	till
although	before	now that	unless
as	even if	provided	until
as if	even though	since	when
as long as	how	so that	whenever
as much as	if	than	where
as soon as	inasmuch as	that	wherever
as though	in order that	though	while

Source: Forlani, G., et al. (2010). Prentice Hall Grammar and Composition 4